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Suda Kokuta

untitled

mixed media on canvas

signed; inscribed and dated 1961.10.27 with the artist's name and address on the reverse

H.23³/₄" x W. 19³/₄" (60cm x 50cm)

Provenance: Private collection, Osaka, Japan

Suda Kokuta (1906-1990) originally given the name Katsusaburo, was born in Fukiage (present day Konosu), Saitama Prefecture. In 1927, after finishing school at the Prefecture Koshigaya Middle School, he was encouraged by the noted Western-style painter Terauchi Manjiro (1890-1964) to become an

artist and took entrance exams for the Tokyo Bijiutsu Gakko (Tokyo School of Fine Arts) without success. Committed to his path Kokuta then took drawing lessons at the Kawabata Drawing School for one year before leaving to continue studying on his own. It was at around this time that he changed his name to Kokuta.

In 1930 after having had some previous success exhibiting at the Government sponsored exhibitions such as Kanten, Kokuta tried once more without success to enter the Tokyo School of Fine Arts. Despite this set-back he was not discouraged and in fact had considerable support from influential artists such as Nagahara Kōtaro (1864-1930) who recognized his talent and suggested Kokuta should go to America where his work would be better appreciated. He didn't follow this advice but instead continued participating in various state exhibitions winning a prize at Bunten (The Japan Fine Art Exhibition) of 1936 with his painting Break Time, another special prize in 1939 at the 3rd Shin-Bunten with Man Reading A Book and again at the 5th Shin-Bunten in 1942 with Shinsho (Divine General). By the mid 1940's, now an artist in his own right, Kokuta was involved with co-founding various artists groups such as Tenpyou-no Kai and Sin-ju Kai and in 1948 he became a member of Han Bijutsu-ka

Kyōkai (Han Artists Association) a group founded by Yoshihara Jiro (1905-1972).

In 1949 Kokuta was introduced to abstract painting by his new acquaintance the influential avant-garde painter Hasegawa Saburo (1906-1957) a meeting which led to philosophical discussions regarding art and its spiritual connections. Subsequently, he joined the newly-founded Kokugakai (National Painting Association) and began to study works by famous Japanese philosophers and deepen his interest in Zen Buddhism. He was particularly interested in the practice of zazen (seated meditation), a discipline introduced to Japan in the 13th century by the founder of the Soto sect Dōgen (1200-1253). This was a major turning point in Kokuta's painting transforming it from figurative to abstract expressionism. The up-and-coming artists of the Kansai area were a closely knit group who shared a common interest in breaking away from the antiquated art associations and felt the need for freedom of expression and international recognition. With this quest in mind Kokuta co-founded Genbi (Modern Art Discussion Group) in 1952 offering a platform of exploration and discussion amongst its fellow members, Yoshihara Jiro (1905-1972), Ueki Shigeru (1913-1984), Yamazaki Takao, Nakamura Makoto (dates unknown),

Tsuda Kazuichi (dates unknown), Morita Shiryū (1912-1999), and Tanaka Kenzo (dates unknown) Later that year an article illustrating Kokuta's evolution from figurative to abstract painting was published in the Bokujin journal, a magazine produced by the influential avant-garde calligraphy group Bokujinkai. Bokujin was edited by the unconventional calligrapher Inoue Yuichi (1916-1985) and served to document the group's activities and discussions on calligraphy and modern art.

A later development born of the ideologies formulated by the Genbi discussion group was the founding of the now famous Gutai group in 1954 by Yoshihara Jiro. He extended an invitation to Kokuta to join their ranks. However, already a well-established artist in his own right Kokuta declined in favour of his own independent path.

This decision was not a parting of the ways but simply two paths on the same road. In fact the following year Kokuta co-founded the Modern Art Club of the Kansai region along with Yoshihara Jiro, Yagi Kazuo (1918-1979) and Tsudaka Kazuichi (1911-1995).

During the late 1950's and 1960's the prolific Kokuta exhibited at numerous international shows as well as becoming the head of Nishinomiya Art Association of the Nishinomiya Art Museum an association which lasted until 1982. He also went on to found the Kansai Kokuga-kai (Kansai National Painting Group) in 1966 and in 1967 he became a teacher at the Koshi-en Gakkuin College in Nishinomiya as well as designing covers for the Chosenjin magazine.

In the early 1970's Kokuta was commissioned to illustrate the pages of Kaidō wo Yuku (On the Highways), a series of travel essays written by the renowned and prize winning author Ryōtarō Shiba (1923- 1996) and published in Shūkan Asahi magazine. They travelled together for almost a decade visiting areas of historical interest in Japan, China, Korea and Mongolia as well as many parts of Europe. During these travels Kokuta's paintings were predominantly figurative, capturing the landscapes and the character of the countries visited. However, his style and brushstrokes still retained the dynamism and confidence gained from over twenty years of abstract expression.

Throughout his career Kokuta was a keen calligrapher and often corresponded with the Bokujinkai member Yuichi Inoue in an on-going discussion regarding the connection between ink and brush. This interest culminated in the 1980's when he devoted more of his attention to creating strong and

unconventional calligraphic works featuring Buddhist dictums. These pieces had a painterly quality bearing his instantly identifiable thick, powerful brushstrokes executed with an unavoidable directness. In 1985, five years before his death, Kokuta published a philosophical volume entitled Watakushi no zokei: Gendai Bijutsu (My Shaping: Modern Art). The book is a retrospective compilation of articles he had written and published throughout his career regarding various art forms both oriental and occidental and the influences they had had on him and his work.

Some of the last works created by Kokuta are an amalgamation of calligraphy, painting and Buddhist symbolism using classic images such as the ensō (circle) representing enlightenment, the Universe and the void as well as the ichi (one) which refers to the term ichi-go ichi-e (lit. one time, one meeting), a reference to the transience of life and one's inability to repeat any given moment.

Works by the artist can be found in the collections of: Saitama Prefecture Museum of Modern Art, Iida City Museum of Art, Nagano Prefecture; Osaka City, Sōgetsu Museum of Art, Gangōji Temple, Nara; Saitama Museum of Modern Art, Jakushū Itteki Library, Oi; Kahitsukan Kyoto Museum of Modern Art, Kyoto; L.A. County Museum of Art.

Selected Group Exhibitions:

1935 – 1949 Exhibited annually at Kofu-kai Art Association (often receiving awards), Tokyo Metropolitan Art Museum

1936 Break Time, Bunten (Ministry of Education Fine Arts Exhibition), Tokyo Metropolitan Art Museum 1939 Man reading a book, highest prize at 3rd Shin Bunten

1941 Young Man, 4th Shin Bunten

1942 Shinsho (Divine general. Buddhist term for twelve protectors of the faithful), highest prize at 5th Shin Bunten

1946 Front view of Tōdai-ji Temple, 2nd Nitten (Japan Fine Arts Exhibition), Tokyo Metropolitan Art Museum

1947 Pink Turban, highest prize at 3rd Nitten

1948 2nd Sin-ju Kai Exhibition, Nihonbashi, Mitsukoshi, Tokyo

Myōkō-kai Exhibition, the Asahi Art Gallery, Kyoto

Tenpyō-no Kai Exhibition and Tenseki -kai exhibition, the Kyoto Art Museum 1949 23rd Kokuten (National Exhibition) organized by Kokuga-kai (National Painting Association), Tokyo Metropolitan Art Museum. Exhibited annually at Kokuten between 1949-1982 1955 3rd Japan International Exhibition, Tokyo Metropolitan Art Museum 3rd Modern Art Meeting Group Exhibition - Modern Composition, exhibited at the Japan America Abstract Art Exhibition 1957 4th Sao Paulo Biennale, representing Japan alongside Inoue Yūichi 1959 11th Premio Risone International Art Exhibition, Risone, Italy (alongside Shiraga Kazuo) The Houston Art Museum Exhibition, USA 1961 Metaphysical Reality, Carnegie International Modern Painting and Sculpture Exhibition, Carnegie Institute Pittsburgh 1963 Modern Art Movements - West and Japan, National Modern Art Museum, Kyoto 1965 9th Japan International Art Exhibition, Tokyo Metropolitan Art Museum 1966 7th Modern Japanese Art Exhibition, Tokyo Metropolitan Art Museum 1971 1st Hyogo Art Festival, Kobe, annually until 1975 Seven Artists Exhibition Hankyu, Osaka 1975 Four Abstract Artists alongside Shiraga Kazuo, Tsutaka Waichi, Motonaga Sadamasa, Hyogo Prefectural Museum of Art, Kobe 1983 Modern Art Exhibition, The Atelier, Nishinomiya; Shotten (Modern Artists Calligraphy Exhibition) Gallery White, Osaka; 5th Japan Shyusaku Art Exhibition, Takashimaya, Nihonbashi, Tokyo; Modern Art Exhibition by Award Receiving Artists, Ashiya; Japanese and European Art Exhibition, Modern Art Museum, Wakayama 1989 Five Artists Exhibition, Sogetsu Art Museum, Tokyo; Two Artsists Suda Kokuta and Kumagai Morikazu Exhibition, Matsuyama Gallery, Maysuyama 1990 Five Artists Exhibition, Shinsai Bashi Univeristy Gallery, Osaka Selected Solo Exhibitions:

1948 Suda Kokuta European Art (first solo exhibition) the Asahi Garo (Asahi Art Gallery), Kyoto

1950 Nihonbashi Mitsukoshi Department Store, Tokyo

1960 Form Gallery, Osaka

Nakabayashi Gallery, Bungei Shunju Gallery, Tokyo

1970 Hankyu Department Store, Osaka

1971 Gushō-ga (figurative painting) exhibition at the Hankyu Department Store, Osaka

1977-1979 Suda Kokuta Oil Painting at the Mitsukoshi Art Gallery, Tokyo

1982 Suda Kokuta - New Works Exhibition in the Gallery Ashiya, Ashiya City

1983 Hideyama-do Gallery, Tokyo

Suda Kokuta Oil Painting Exhibition, Mitsukoshi, Nihonbashi, Tokyo

1984 Maruei Department Store, Nagoya

Tokyo Hideyamado Gallery, Tokyo

Suda Kokuta - My World exhibition Maruei Department Store, Nagoya

Suda Kokuta - My World exhibition, Mistukoshi, Nihonbashi, Tokyo

1986 Maruei Department Store, Nagoya

Mitsukoshi Matsuyama, Matsuyama City, Ehime Prefecture

1987Suda Kokuta selected works, Hoshino Gallery, Kyoto

Suda Kokuta 1987 Exhibition, Mitsukoshi, Tokyo

Suda Kokuta calligraphy exhibition, Mitsukoshi, Matsuyama

1988 Hankyu Department Store Osaka

Mitsukoshi, Matsuyama Department Store

Mariei Department Store, Nagoya

1989 Kaibundo Gallery, Kobe

Sumino Sekai-ten (The World of Ink Exhibition) Seibu Department Store, Osaka

60th Anniversary Exhibition, Hankyu Department Store, Osaka

Suda Kokuta 1970's Retrospective, Nishinomiya Shoen Gallery

Suda Kokuta Exhibition, Mitsukoshi, Tokyo

1990 Suda Kokuta Works, Saitama Prefecture Museum of Art Suda Kokuta Unknown World, Iida City Museum Cultural Awards: Nishinomiya City (1962) Hyogo Prefecture (1971) Fukiage City (1976) Osaka City (1977) The Kodansha Publishing Illustration Award for Kaido wo yuku (1983) 17th Fuji Sankei Group Advertising Creators Award (1988) 42nd Kobe Newspaper Peace Award (1988)



